NOTIFICATION

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| **1.** | **Notifying Member:** BRAZIL**If applicable, name of local government involved:**  |
| **2.** | **Agency responsible:** The Brazilian Health Regulatory Agency (ANVISA) |
| **3.** | **Products covered (provide tariff item number(s) as specified in national schedules deposited with the WTO; ICS numbers should be provided in addition, where applicable):** Potatoes, fresh or chilled (HS code(s): 0701); Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled (HS code(s): 0706); Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled (HS code(s): 0708); Other vegetables, fresh or chilled (excl. potatoes, tomatoes, alliaceous vegetables, edible brassicas, lettuce "*Lactuca sativa*" and chicory "*Cichorium* spp.", carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, cucumbers and gherkins, and leguminous vegatables) (HS code(s): 0709); Vegetables, uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water, frozen (HS code(s): 0710); Beans (*Vigna* spp., *Phaseolus* spp.): (HS code(s): 07133); Sweet potatoes, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets (HS code(s): 071420); Yams "*Dioscorea* spp.", fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets (HS code(s): 071430); Taro "*Colocasia* spp.", fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets (HS code(s): 071440); Edible fruit and nuts; Peel of citrus fruit or melons (HS code(s): 08); Ginger, neither crushed nor ground (HS code(s): 091011); Environment. Health protection. Safety (ICS code(s): 13) |
| **4.** | **Regions or countries likely to be affected, to the extent relevant or practicable:****[****X]** **All trading partners** **[****]** **Specific regions or countries:**  |
| **5.** | **Title of the notified document:** Normative Instruction - IN number 210, 16 February 2023.**Language(s):** Portuguese. **Number of pages:** 1[http://antigo.anvisa.gov.br/documents/10181/6555083/IN\_210\_2023\_.pdf/50af09db-2dc1-406f-b06d-7a60aa6ad949](http://antigo.anvisa.gov.br/documents/10181/6555083/IN_210_2023_.pdf/50af09db-2dc1-406f-b06d-7a60aa6ad949%22%20%5Ct%20%22_blank) |
| **6.** | **Description of content:** This Normative Instruction provides for the inclusion of the cultures of sweet potato, yacon potato, beet, taro root, carrots, peas, beans, ginger, chickpeas, yam, lentils, arracacha, turnip and radish on the Monographs of the active ingredient Cypermethrin in the List of Active Ingredients of Pesticides, Sanitizers, Disinfectants and Wood Preservatives, published through Normative Instruction - IN No. 103, of 19 October 2021. It is the result of consolidation of two previous regulations, Resolution number 1.851, of 6 May 2021 and Resolution number 2.811, of 15 July 2021, without change of merit. |
| **7.** | **Objective and rationale: [****X]****food safety, [****]****animal health, [****]****plant protection, [****]****protect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [****]****protect territory from other damage from pests.**  |
| **8.** | **Is there a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard:****[****X]** **Codex Alimentarius Commission *(e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text)*:** CAC/MRL 1 Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) for Pesticides**[****]** **World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) *(e.g. Terrestrial or Aquatic Animal Health Code, chapter number)*:** **[****]** **International Plant Protection Convention *(e.g. ISPM number)*:** **[****]** **None****Does this proposed regulation conform to the relevant international standard?** **[****]** **Yes [****X]** **No****If no, describe, whenever possible, how and why it deviates from the international standard:** Brazilian MRLs are established based on scientific methodology consistent with international best practices. Countries usually set MRLs according to the Good Agricultural Practice (GAP) applicable to their region. Agricultural chemical use patterns differ between different production regions and countries as pests, diseases and environmental factors vary. This means that Brazilian MRLs for agricultural chemicals in food may differ from Codex standards. However, when a product differs from Brazilian MRLs, but is in conformity to Codex standards, it may be imported, provided that the risk assessment does not indicate an unacceptable risk to Brazilian consumers. |
| **9.** | **Other relevant documents and language(s) in which these are available:**   |
| **10.** | **Proposed date of adoption *(dd/mm/yy)*:** 16 February 2023**Proposed date of publication *(dd/mm/yy)*:** 16 February 2023 |
| **11.** | **Proposed date of entry into force: [****X]****Six months from date of publication**, **and/or** ***(dd/mm/yy)*:** 16 February 2023**[****]** **Trade facilitating measure**  |
| **12.** | **Final date for comments: [****]****Sixty days from the date of circulation of the notification and/or *(dd/mm/yy)*:** Not applicable**Agency or authority designated to handle comments: [****]****National Notification Authority, [****X]****National Enquiry Point.** **Address, fax number and e‑mail address (if available) of other body:** Assessoria de Assuntos Internacionais – AINTEInternational Affairs OfficeAgência Nacional de Vigilância Sanitária – AnvisaBrazilian Health Regulatory AgencyTel: +(55 61) 3462 5402/5404/5406E-mail: rel@anvisa.gov.br |
| **13.** | **Text(s) available from: [****]****National Notification Authority, [****X]****National Enquiry Point.** **Address, fax number and e‑mail address (if available) of other body:** Assessoria de Assuntos Internacionais – AINTEInternational Affairs OfficeAgência Nacional de Vigilância Sanitária – AnvisaBrazilian Health Regulatory AgencyTel: +(55 61) 3462 5402/5404/5406E-mail: rel@anvisa.gov.br |